Math 55 Discussion problems 31 Jan

- 1. Show that if a, b, and c are real numbers and $a \neq 0$, then there is a unique solution of the equation ax + b = c.
- 2. Suppose that five ones and four zeros are arranged around a circle. Between any two equal bits you insert a 0 and between any two unequal bits you insert a 1 to produce nine new bits. Then you erase the nine original bits. Show that when you iterate this procedure, you can never get nine zeros. [Hint: Work backward, assuming that you did end up with nine zeros.]
- 3. Prove that there are no solutions in integers x and y to the equation $2x^2 + 5y^2 = 14$.
- 4. Prove that between every rational number and every irrational number there is an irrational number.
- 5. Disprove the statement that every positive integer is the sum of at most two squares and a cube of nonnegative integers.